

NAME: _____

MYTHOLOGY and FOLKLORE



GREEK MYTHOLOGY

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*Blank pages are intentional. This packet is meant to be printed double-sided.

GREEK MYTHOLOGY HISTORICAL QUESTIONS

- 1. Describe the structure of the Greek's belief system.**
- 2. According to the Greeks, what was the single most important aspect of living?**
- 3. What was the purpose of living life in this manner?**
- 4. What was a central event in Greek life both in a literary and cultural sense?**
- 5. Name two works that chronicle the vast amount of Greek tales and folklore.**
- 6. What other group of people had a religious syncretism with the Greeks?**
- 7. What event caused this religious syncretism?**

A Brief History of the Greek Pantheon

Rule of the Elder Gods (The Titans)

In the beginning _____ came to be or was. From the void came the Darkness (_____), as well as Night (_____) and her daughter Day (_____). Attraction (_____) kept these primordial forces together and shaped the Universe.

From this union was born the Sky (_____) and the Earth (_____).

From the Earth and the Sky came the Titans who were led by _____.

_____ and _____ produced The Olympians.

(_____) and his mother led the revolt to overthrow his father and banish the rest of The Titans.

Rule of the Olympians (Gods and Goddesses – Generation 2)

King

(_____)

Queen

(_____)

(_____)

(_____)

(_____)

(_____)

The Original 6 Olympians

(____)(____)(____)(____)(____)(____)(____)

(_____)

*Replaces Hestia after she agrees to step down for the sake of keeping peace.

(_____)

*Even though his mother was mortal his legendary feats of strength earned him a spot in Olympus.

(_____/____)

*Usually not counted amongst the 12 Olympians since they ruled their “own” world – the Underworld.

“The Big Twelve”

*As reward for helping defeat The Titans (_____) was not imprisoned with the rest of his brethren.

**When Rome adopted the Greek Pantheon, many of the Gods and Goddesses were renamed.

***Depending on the year, and the source, at times there were more than 12 gods living in Olympus.

PEOPLE, CREATURES, PLACES AND OBJECTS OF GREEK MYTHOLOGY

PRIMORDIAL GODS

Chaos

- The ____ Primordial Force in Greek Mythology
- _____ or void that, depending on the source, always existed or was first to exist

Aether

- Personification of the _____

Ananke

- Personification of _____, _____ and _____
- Her birth marks the end of _____ and the start of the cosmos.

Ceto

- Primordial _____ goddess
- Associated with the _____ and _____ of the sea

Erebus

- Personification of _____

Eros

- Once was the force of _____
- Later, he is younger and carries a _____ and _____
- Roman counterpart is _____.

Gaia

- The spirit of the _____
- " _____ "

Geras

- Primordial personification of _____

Hemera

- Personification of _____

Moirai

- Three _____ who control the _____ of both _____ and the _____
- _____ creates the thread of life
- _____ determines the length of life
- _____ ends it

Nyx

- Personification of _____

Ourea

- Personification of the _____ of _____

Phorcys

- Primordial _____ god
- _____ many famous ocean monsters

Pontus

- Personification of the _____
- Fathered all _____ life

Tartarus

- Personification of the near endless _____ on primordial Earth

Uranus

- Personification of the _____
- Overthrown by his son (_____)

TITANS

Cronus

- _____ King whose rule was considered a " _____ "
- Overthrew his father _____, but was overthrown by his son _____

Rhea

- Mother of the _____ who fed her husband a _____, instead of a baby Zeus
- This allows Zeus to grow to adulthood and start the _____

Oceanus & Tethys

- Titan parents of many _____ gods and the _____

Hyperion

- Primordial personification of the _____
- Fathered many of the entities of the _____

Theia

- Birthed many of the entities of the _____
- Gave _____ and _____ to gold, silver and gems

Coeus & Phoebe

- Titans most known for their descendants Leto, _____, _____ and _____

Mnemosyne

- Personification of _____ who birthed the _____

Themis

- Titan personification of _____, _____ and _____

Crius

- Titan associated with _____

Iapetus

- Titan most known for fathering _____, _____, _____ and Menoetius
- These sons are blamed for giving humanity it's _____ qualities

Atlas

- Forced to carry the _____ and the _____ on his shoulders.

Eos

- Personification of _____
- Known for her many conquests of the _____

Epimetheus

- Brother of _____
- Responsible for giving out positive traits to every creation, but without _____ only _____, did not plan ahead and no traits were left for _____

Helios

- Personification of the _____

Metis

- First wife of _____
- Gave Zeus the potion that caused _____ to _____ his siblings

Nemesis

- Personified _____ for excessive pride and vanity in the face of the gods

Oceanids

- 3,000 Water _____ who personified the world's great _____

Prometheus

- Gave humanity the gift of _____
- _____ punishes him severely for this
- In some stories, he creates _____ from _____

Selene

- Titan _____ goddess

Styx

- Sided with _____ in the war against the _____
- All serious _____ of the gods must be sworn by the water of the Styx.

OLYMPIANS

Zeus

- Olympian _____
- Overthrew his _____ (Cronus) and imprisoned the _____

Hera

- _____ of the Olympians
- Protector of _____ rights

Poseidon

- Lord of the _____

Hades

- Lord of the _____

Demeter

- Goddess of the _____
- Will not let plants _____ while her _____ is in the Underworld

Hestia

- Goddess of peace and civility in the _____

Aphrodite

- Goddess of _____ and _____

Apollo

- God of the _____, _____ and _____
- Twin brother of _____

Ares

- God of _____
- Favors the _____ and _____ side of war

Artemis

- _____ Goddess
- Goddess of _____ and the _____
- Twin sister of _____

Athena

- Goddess of _____ and _____

Boreas

- Personification / Master of the _____

Charities

- Goddesses who personify _____ and _____

Dionysus

- God of _____, celebration, festivity and _____

Hebe

- Goddess of _____ and _____ of life who can grant eternal _____

- _____ of the gods

Hephaestus

- _____, of the gods who made all of their _____

- Cast out of Olympus because of _____

- Helped create the first woman (_____)

Hermes

- _____ of the gods known for his incredible _____

Iris

- Personification of the _____

Kratos

- Personification of _____ and the will to _____

Leto

- Mother of _____ and _____

Muses

- Goddesses that _____ literature, poetry, song, myth, science and various other arts

Nike

- Personification of _____ in art, music, war and athletics

THE UNDERWORLD

Hades

- Ruler of the Underworld
- His quest for a queen leads to the first winter

Persephone

- Queen of the Underworld
- Her abduction leads to the planet's seasonal changes.

Ascalaphus

- Underworld guardian of Hade's orchard
- Reports Persephone's eating of the pomegranate seeds
- As a result turned into Hade's messenger owl

Campe

- Underworld guard of the Cyclopes and Hecatoncheires for Cronus

Cerberus

- Multiheaded dog who guards the gates to the Underworld.

Menoetes

- Guards Hades's cattle

Despoina

- Little known, mysterious sister of Persephone
- Real name has been lost

Erinyes

- Three goddesses of vengeance

Judges

- Mortal Kings who in death are now Underworld judges

Moros

- Personification of impending doom

Keres

- Death goddesses who waited near _____ and feasted on the _____

Empusa

- Underworld guardian who eats the _____ of the _____.

Eurynomous

- Shape-shifting female phantom servants of _____ who seduce and feed on young _____

Phrike

- Personification of _____ and trembling _____

Hypnos

- Personification of _____ and twin of Thanatos

Melinoe

- Bringer of _____ and _____

Morpheus

- God of _____ and leader of the _____ (Personified spirits of dreams)

Thanatos

- Personification of _____ and twin of Hypnos

Charon

- _____ of the _____ River who takes _____ of the deceased to the Underworld

Hecate

- Goddess of _____

- Exists on the "fringes" of Greek Mythology and is worshipped in/has equivalents (Even in Greek Mythology) in several other _____.

River Styx

- Unpassable River that surrounds the _____

Underworld Rivers

- Styx: _____

- Acheron: _____ and _____

- Phlegethon: _____

- Cocytus: _____

- Lethe: _____

Asphodel Meadows

- Afterlife for " _____ " souls

Depths of Tartarus

- Underworld prison for the _____ and _____

Fields of Elysium

- Afterlife for the _____ and _____ mortals

Land of Dreams

- The place where reality _____ and everything is _____

NOTABLE MEN

Adonis

- Ideal of male beauty
- Mortal lover of Aphrodite and Persephone
- After death transformed to the Anemone Flower by Aphrodite's tear.

Cimmerians

- Land perpetually shrouded in mist and cloud where the sun never shines

King Midas

- King known for his ability to turn anything he touches to gold
- Regrets the decision as it teaches him there are things more valuable than gold

Narcissus

- Known for his incredible beauty and vanity
- Turned into a flower by Nemesis as punishment for his vanity

Orpheus

- Famous for his skill as a musician
- Argonaut

NOTABLE WOMEN

Amazons

- Tribe of warrior women descended from _____

Arachne

- Challenged _____ to a weaving contest and beaten for bragging
- Hung herself in shame, then was turned into a _____ by Athena out of pity

Echo

- Reduced to nothing but her voice, for protecting _____'s affairs from _____
- Can only repeat the last _____ of others

Eurydice

- Orpheus's wife whose _____ causes his great Underworld journey to bring her back

Lamia

- _____ took her children after an affair with _____
- Began hunting and killing the children of others transformed into a _____ as a result

Maenad

- Crazy and violent female servants of _____

Pandora

- Known for opening the box (jar) that released all _____ into the mortal world

PLACES

Mount Olympus

- Home of the _____ Gods

Mount Othrys

- Home of the _____

Oceanus

- Vast _____ that encircles the planet and the final barrier before the end of _____

Temple of Apollo at Delphi

- Historically and mythologically _____ most important _____ building
- Home to the Oracle of Delphi (The _____)

OBJECTS

Adamant

- _____ material of the Gods
- Used to make many of their _____ and _____

Aegis

- An immortal and unbreakable shield adorned with _____ actual head

Ambrosia

- Food of the gods that keeps them _____ and _____

Cornucopia

- Made from a goat or bull _____
- Provides an _____ amount of nourishment

Golden Apple

- Golden Apples play numerous, various important roles throughout Greek Mythology including being major factors in the _____, the marriage of _____ and the labors of _____.

Helm of Darkness

- Makes the wearer _____ to other godly entities

Ichor

- Ethereal, golden fluid that serves as the _____ of the gods
- Toxic and fatal to _____

Pandora's Box

- Opened by a curious _____
- A jar that contained _____, _____ and numerous other _____
- It also contained _____ (secretly added by _____), which was left behind, in order to give humanity strength to get through the hardships that were released

Talaria

- Winged _____ which grant the user swiftness and flight

Thunderbolt

- Created by the _____ for _____ as reward for freeing them from Tartarus.
- Most powerful weapon in Greek Mythology
- Able to kill immortals or banish them to _____

Trident

- Can raise _____, create _____ and generate _____
- _____ symbolize the three types of water - seas/oceans, rivers, streams

Scythe of Cronus

- Used by _____ against Uranus
- Used by _____ against Typhon
- Made of _____

CREATURES

Basilisk

- Small serpent creature with _____ and other _____ qualities
- Can kill you with a _____ or venomous _____

Centaur

- A race of half-_____, half humans

Chimera

- Hybrid creature made from a _____, _____, _____ and occasionally a dragon.

Cyclops

- One eyed giants known as great _____ and _____

Echidna

- Birthed many of the most powerful _____ in Greece
- It is said "she _____ not nor grows old all her days."

Gryphon

- Amalgamation of an _____ and _____ that usually guards treasures/valuable possessions

Hecatoncheires

- Giants with fifty _____, one hundred _____ and incredible strength

Ichthyocentaur

- An aquatic _____

Laelaps and Teumessian Fox

- A hunting _____ that could catch anything
- A _____ that could not be caught
- Due to this paradox, Zeus turned them to stone and put them in the sky as _____

Manticore

- Man-eating winged creature with a _____ body, a scorpion's tail and a _____ face

Mormo

- Female specters used by _____ and nurses to frighten _____ from misbehaving

Nymphs

- Minor deities considered personifications of _____
- Often connected to a specific place, _____, _____ or body of _____

Pegasus

- Winged _____ created by the ocean water and Medusa's _____

Phoenix

- Immortal _____ that cyclically regenerates / is _____

Python

- Gigantic serpent that guarded the Temple of _____
- Killed by _____ when he took the Temple for his own

Satyr

- Nature spirits with humanoid upper bodies and the lower body of a _____.
- Lovers of _____, music and dancing

Sea Goat

- Half _____ / Half _____ with numerous connections to Greek Mythology
- Basis for the constellation _____

Spinx

- Dangerous creature with a _____ body, _____ female face and _____ wings.
- Challenges with a _____ and will kill and eat you if you fail to solve the riddle

Typhon

- Sired many of the most powerful monsters
- Most dangerous monster in Greek Mythology
- Fought and defeated even _____

EVENTS

THE BOAR HUNT

Atalanta

- Swift-footed Princess known for her _____ and only female _____
- Drew first blood on the _____

Meleager

- _____ of the Calydonian Boar Hunt and Argonaut Member

Calydonian Boar

- Monstrous boar sent to punish Calydon by _____ for failing to honor her
- Focus of the Calydonian Boar Hunt

THE 300

Thermopylae

- Battle between the _____ defending _____ with their King Leonidas against the invading several hundred thousand strong _____ forces of _____ that has gained mythical status.

Leonidas I

- _____ King

300 Spartans

- 300 _____ who were the elite guard of Leonidas

GOD WARS

Titanomachy

- Battle of the _____ vs. the _____ and their Allies for Supremacy
- Won by the _____

Gigantomachy

- Battle of the _____ vs. the _____ for Supremacy which was won by the _____

Amazonomachy

- The term for a series of battles between the _____ and The _____

LABORS OF HERACLES

Heracles

- Greatest of all Greek Heroes who was known for his unbelievable _____
- Most famous for his _____

Cancer

- Giant Crab killed by Hercules and turned into a _____ by _____

Ceryneian Hind

- Enormous horned female deer favored by _____ that was captured/killed by Heracles

Cretan Bull

- Fathered the _____ who was captured by _____ then killed by _____

Erymanthian Boar

- Giant mythical boar _____ by Heracles

Geryon

- Multi-headed and multi-bodied giant who owned prized red _____

Hydra

- Multiheaded serpent
- Cutting off one _____ results in two growing in its place.

Ladon

- Serpent-like dragon that guards the _____ in the Garden of Hesperides

Mares of Diomedes

- Flesh eating horses of _____ of Thrace who was killed by Hercules

Nemean Lion

- Large lion killed by Hercules but bit one of his _____ off in the process
- Impervious golden fur and claws sharper than any mortal sword

Orthrus

- Multi-headed guard dog of _____ killed by Hercules

Stymphalian Birds

- Man-eating birds with bronze beaks, razor feathers and poisonous _____
- Killed by Heracles

QUEST FOR THE GOLDEN FLEECE

Jason

- Captain of the _____ and leader of the heroic _____
- Famous for his quest to find the Golden Fleece
- His life ends in tragedy due to his _____ actions towards his _____

Argo

- The _____ ship used by Jason and the Argonauts

Argonauts

- 55-85 heroes who accompany _____ on the Golden Fleece Quest
- Named after the ship The Argo

Boreads

- Argonaut brothers blessed with _____ related gifts
- Famous for saving King Phineus from the _____

Chrysomallos

- Flying ram whose wool produced the _____
- Turned into the constellation _____ upon death

Colchian Dragon

- Massive dragon that guards the _____ and was killed by Jason

Golden Fleece

- Golden wool of the winged ram Chrysomallos which symbolizes _____ and _____

Harpies

- Half-human/ half-birds that personify _____

Spartoi

- Warriors that sprang from the soil once it was seeded with _____.

Talos

- Giant man of _____ who protects _____ from pirates and invaders

TROJAN

Achilles

- Commander of the _____ and _____ greatest warrior
- Kills _____ in battle
- Invincible except for his _____

Agamemnon

- King of _____ and powerful warrior
- Feud with _____ costs the Greeks dearly
- Killed by wife after war for sacrificing their _____

Ajax

- Prince of _____ and Greece's second greatest warrior next to _____

Cassandra

- Princess of _____ and Priestess of _____
- Could see the future but cursed, so no one would believe her

Hector

- _____ of Troy who was Troy's greatest warrior
- Killed by _____ in battle

Helen

- Queen of _____, Princess of _____
- Considered the most beautiful mortal in the world
- Known as the face that launched a thousand ships and as the "cause" of the _____

Menelaus

- Helen's _____ whose grief is used by his brother as the reason to invade _____
- Wrecks _____ in battle for stealing his wife

Myrmidons

- _____ elite warriors who are related / descendants / created from _____

Paris

- Prince of _____ whose elopement with _____ starts the _____
- Fatally wounds _____

Patroclus

- Best friend of _____
- Impersonates _____ to lead his troops when Achilles refuses to fight
- Killed by _____ which leads Achilles to return to the war

Trojan Horse

- Gigantic wooden _____ gifted to the _____ by the _____
- Elite Greek troops were hidden inside in order to get past Troy's _____

Troy

- Walled fortress capital of _____ and focal point of the ten-year _____
- Conquered and burned by the _____

EXPLOITS OF DAEDALUS

Daedalus

- Master architect and craftsman who designed The _____ and created Icarus's _____

Icarus

- Young boy who escaped imprisonment using _____ created by his father
- Fell to his death when he flew too close to the _____ after ignoring his father's directions

Labyrinth

- Inescapable _____ created by Daedalus to hold the _____

Minotaur

- Half-man/half-bull trapped inside the _____ who was slain by _____

Theseus

- King of _____ most famous for killing the Minotaur

THE ODYSSEY

Odysseus

- King of _____
- Most famous for his 10-year journey home, detailed in the _____, after the Trojan War

Aeolus

- Keeper of the _____
- Helps Odysseus one time, then refuses a second due to his crew's _____

Antinous

- Most vile of _____ suitors and first to die
- Planned to kill _____

Argos

- Odysseus's loyal _____ who lay abandoned, weak from old age and in his own filth for his master to return and passes soon after they are reunited
- This act of loyalty, strength and courage caused even mighty _____ (and _____) to weep

Calypso

- Enchantress who keeps _____ captive for seven years and wishes to make him her immortal _____
- Forced to release him after Zeus orders his release due to _____ pleas (His patron goddess)

Charybdis

- Enormous sea creature who either creates or was gigantic _____
- Partners with _____ to trap sailors entering the Strait of Messina

Circe

- _____ known for her vast knowledge of _____, herbs and potions
- Turns Odysseus's crew into _____
- Her affair with Odysseus produces two _____

Laertes

- The self-exiled _____ of Odysseus
- _____ and Boar Hunt participant

Laestrygonians

- Man-eating _____ who ate many of Odysseus's men and destroyed many of his ships

Lotus-Eaters

- Race who lived off the _____ which caused them to forget their previous lives and only desire to stay on the island and live with other lotus-eaters

Penelope

- Queen of _____ and faithful wife to _____

Polyphemus

- _____ encountered by Odysseus on his journey home

Scylla

- Gigantic sea creature that is part human/part sea serpent.
- Partners with _____ to trap sailors entering the Strait of Messina

Sirens

- Human-like creatures that would use their beautiful _____ to lure _____ to their doom.

Suitors

- 108 men who attempted to wed _____ in Odysseus's absence
- They (except _____) also planned to kill Telemachus
- All are killed

Telemachus

- Prince of _____ who helps his father Odysseus kill his mother's suitors
- Marries _____ after his father's death

ADVENTURES OF PERSEUS

Perseus

- King of _____
- Killed Medusa and uses her head to slay the _____ and save Andromeda

Andromeda

- Princess of _____ to be sacrificed to a Cetus
- Saved by and marries Perseus

Cetus

- Massive sea serpents
- Perseus famously defeated a Cetus to save _____

The Gorgons

- Three _____ with serpentine qualities who could turn you to _____ with a glance

The Graeae

- Three gray-haired _____ with a single shared _____ and _____

Medusa

- Turned to a hideous monster by _____ due to her affair with _____
- One look can turn you to stone
- Killed by _____

GREEK MYTHOLOGY – STORY QUESTIONS

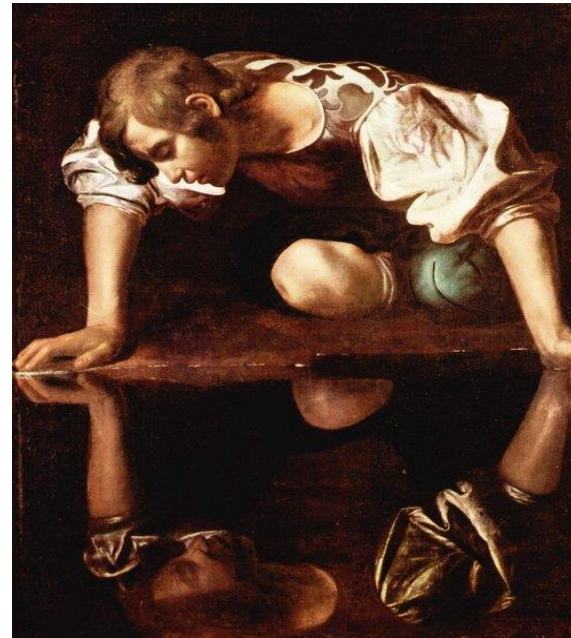
Prometheus the Fire-Bringer



1. What was the earth like during the age of Cronus, the father of Zeus?
2. Why are humans unhappy under the rule of Zeus? How do they show their unhappiness?
3. How does Zeus want to solve the problem?
4. What does Prometheus say about this plan?
5. How will the gift of fire help the humans?
6. In Greek, Prometheus means “forethought,” or the ability to plan. Why is this a fitting name for the Titan?
7. Why does Prometheus feel “half sorrow, half pleasure” after building fire for humans?
8. How will the gift of Fire mark a change in the relationship between humans and gods?

Narcissus

1. What does Narcissus do that causes him to be cursed?
2. How does Narcissus finally fall in love?
3. Why has Echo incurred the wrath of Hera? How does Hera get her revenge?
4. What does Echo do while Narcissus lies gazing at the object of his love?
5. How is what happens to Narcissus a fitting punishment for his pride?
6. What are two facts of nature explained by this myth?



ICARUS AND DAEDALUS



1. Why does Daedalus want to leave Crete?
2. How does Daedalus plan to escape?
3. Paraphrase the warning he gives Icarus.
4. Why does Icarus fall from the sky?
5. Do you think that Daedalus was punished by the gods for daring an unusual deed and/or for disobeying his father? Explain.
6. What lesson does this myth teach?

Phaethon, Son of Apollo



1. Why does Phaethon go to Apollo's palace?
2. Why does Apollo urge Phaethon to make a wish different from his first one?
3. What is Phaethon's secret reason for his request?
4. What is the result of this request?
5. What natural features are explained in this myth?

Baucis and Philemon

1. What is special about the oak and linden mentioned in the opening paragraph?
2. Why does Jupiter disguise himself as a poor traveler to visit Phrygia?
3. How do most of the people greet him and Mercury? How do Baucis and Philemon treat them differently?
4. How do the gods reward Baucis and Philemon? How do they treat the other Phrygians?
5. What transformation or changes do Baucis and Philemon undergo?



King Midas and the Golden Touch

1. What does Midas find in his garden and how does it get there?
2. Who gives Midas the golden touch?
3. How does Midas finally rid himself of the golden touch?
4. What natural occurrence does this tale explain?
5. At the end of the story Midas claims to have learned his lesson. What lesson do you think he has learned? What makes him content?
6. How would you word the wish for the golden touch in order to avoid Midas's problem?
7. Irony is the difference between what you expect to happen and what actually does happen. What irony do you see in Midas's story?



The Origin of Seasons

1. How do the gods and goddesses treat one another and the humans?
2. How does this story explain the changing of seasons on Earth?
3. Why do you think that Demeter spends so much time with Demophoon, even planning to make him immortal?
4. Demeter is able to force Zeus to change his mind about the wedding of Hades. What does this tell you about the power of the goddess of harvest?
5. What other stories do you know of in which someone eats a forbidden fruit and pays dearly for it?



Orpheus the Great Musician

1. If you were Orpheus, would you have looked back?
Why or why not?
2. On the basis of this myth how do you think the ancient Greeks pictured the afterlife?
3. How did the same feeling that prompted Orpheus's decent into the Underworld also cause him to fail?
4. In the end, which is more powerful: love or death?
Explain.
5. Do you think Hades was fair to Orpheus and Eurydice?
Explain?



Greek Mythology Research Paper

Welcome to the wonderful world of research papers! (Strong round of applause!) Your research paper for this unit will be a short MLA Format paper on an aspect of Greek Mythology (God/Goddess/Creature/Place/Tale).

* All project topics must be approved by **MR. RINKEVICH**.

Paper Format

- | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| * Size 12 Font | * 1 Inch Margins | * Black Ink Only |
| * Times New Roman Font | * Double Spaced | *Page Number Top Right Corner |

Paper Requirements

*** YOU MUST FOLLOW AND ANSWER ALL SECTIONS OF THE RESEARCH PAPER OUTLINE LOCATED ON THE ASSIGNMENTS SECTION OF MY WEBSITE AND POSTED IN MY GOOGLE CLASSROOM PAGE.**

*1 – 3 Pages of Text

- 1 Page = 1 Full Side + 1 sentence onto the next page.

*** Works Cited Page**

- MLA Documentation (Internal Citation)
- Every paragraph in your paper must include a citation.

*** You will need at least 3 sources for your paper.**

- **DO USE:** Online Articles, Mythology Specific Websites, Newspaper/Magazine Articles, Books
- Check my website for suggestions

- **DO NOT USE:** Wikipedia, Quora, Reddit, etc. Basically, any site that allows user edited content.

Point Value

This project is worth 100 points.



The pen is mightier than the sword but not the lightning bolt.

****ANY USE OF AI WILL RESULT IN A ZERO FOR YOUR PAPER.****

Create Your Own God

Project Description: People might not have giant marble statues of Zeus in their front yards anymore, but the essence of the Greek Gods and Goddesses is alive and kicking! You read about them in literature (comics), watch plays glorifying their deeds (TV and Movies), you collect their statues (action figures), wear clothing with their symbols (t-shirts, hoodies, hats, etc.) and dress as them in tribute (Halloween and Cosplay).

Who are these modern gods that you speak of? Yep, you guessed it – Superheroes! A **superhero** is a type of character possessing extraordinary powers or natural abilities polished to a near superhuman level whose deeds and accomplishments exemplifies what society admires and/or aspires to be or achieve.

However, it seems at the moment, people are growing weary of these current gods, and an interest in the gods of old has been rekindled. We shall continue with this trend. Instead of creating yet another rehash, we shall breathe new life into those that came before. YOU will be creating a god of yesteryear, but for modern times.

Mr. Rink, what in the name of Zeus are you ranting about? Great question! While you can create a new water or thunder god, those will always be in demand, society now has other needs that require meeting. What about a god of studying? Who do you pray to for help with homework? What about something as trivial as excellent cell phone service and connection? What about gods of sports? I hear there is a new god of football known as Thomas Bradious, and we didn't even begin to tap the divine potential for video games! The possibilities are endless. If there is a need to be met, and there are enough people who cry out for help, then a god can be created to be worshipped!

Guidelines

Picture

Find or create a picture of your god. Find a picture online and alter it, use an AI site to generate it (**The one time I will allow AI use**), draw it digitally or create it on physical medium and take a picture to upload online.

Stats

Pantheon: Hanover

Location:

Discovered by: (Your Name)

Consort: - Your choice

Notable Siblings: - Your choice

Notable Children: Your choice

Associations: Examples - Hercules/Strength, Aphrodite/Love, Beauty

Symbols: Examples – Zeus/Thunderbolt

Key Info

Give 2-5 Bullet points about your god.

Brief Bio

Give a brief biography about your character (At least 20 sentences). However, if you are of the creative ilk and have a well fleshed out backstory, then by all means have at thee!

Project Value = 100 Points

* Go to the Hanover Pantheon of my webpage for examples!

The best gods will be immortalized on my website forever. People will remember your name. The rest will fall by the wayside like those elder gods who are lucky to be mentioned in a footnote at best, now that their time has passed.